

 ORE RESEARCH & EXPLORATION P/L ABN 28 006 859 856

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS FOR

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL OREAS 135b

Zinc-Lead-Silver Ore

(Northern Queensland, Australia)

Constituent	Certified Value	Absolute Standard Deviations					Relative Standard Deviations			5% window	
		1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
4-Acid Digestion											
Ag, ppm	52.9	2.75	47.4	58.4	44.6	61.1	5.20%	10.40%	15.60%	50.2	55.5
Pb, wt.%	1.71	0.061	1.59	1.83	1.53	1.90	3.58%	7.16%	10.75%	1.63	1.80
Zn, wt.%	2.73	0.110	2.51	2.95	2.40	3.06	4.04%	8.07%	12.11%	2.59	2.87

Statistics for *Key Economic Elements.

*See Table 1 for full list of certified values;

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

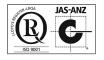


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Constituent	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviation	6	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% w	indow
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Oxidising Fus	ion XRF										
AI_2O_3 , wt.%	11.14	0.292	10.56	11.72	10.26	12.01	2.62%	5.24%	7.85%	10.58	11.70
As, ppm	751	121	509	993	388	1114	16.09%	32.18%	48.28%	713	789
BaO, wt.%	0.393	0.025	0.342	0.443	0.316	0.469	6.46%	12.93%	19.39%	0.373	0.412
CaO, wt.%	0.665	0.021	0.623	0.707	0.602	0.728	3.17%	6.35%	9.52%	0.632	0.698
Cu, ppm	131	31	68	193	37	225	23.97%	47.94%	71.91%	124	137
Fe, wt.%	5.41	0.102	5.21	5.62	5.11	5.72	1.89%	3.77%	5.66%	5.14	5.69
K ₂ O, wt.%	3.04	0.103	2.83	3.24	2.73	3.35	3.38%	6.77%	10.15%	2.89	3.19
MgO, wt.%	0.636	0.033	0.570	0.702	0.537	0.735	5.19%	10.38%	15.57%	0.604	0.667
Mn, wt.%	0.339	0.011	0.317	0.361	0.306	0.372	3.22%	6.44%	9.66%	0.322	0.356
Na ₂ O, wt.%	0.158	0.039	0.080	0.235	0.041	0.274	24.58%	49.15%	73.73%	0.150	0.166
P ₂ O ₅ , wt.%	0.100	0.009	0.082	0.118	0.073	0.128	9.04%	18.08%	27.12%	0.095	0.105
Pb, wt.%	1.72	0.071	1.58	1.86	1.51	1.93	4.11%	8.23%	12.34%	1.63	1.81
S, wt.%	3.10	0.120	2.86	3.34	2.74	3.46	3.86%	7.73%	11.59%	2.94	3.25
SiO ₂ , wt.%	64.01	0.934	62.14	65.88	61.21	66.82	1.46%	2.92%	4.38%	60.81	67.21
TiO ₂ , wt.%	0.463	0.012	0.440	0.487	0.429	0.498	2.51%	5.02%	7.53%	0.440	0.487
Zn, wt.%	2.77	0.077	2.61	2.92	2.54	3.00	2.79%	5.59%	8.38%	2.63	2.91
Thermogravin	netry	I					<u> </u>				
LOI ¹⁰⁰⁰ , wt.%	5.22	0.179	4.86	5.58	4.68	5.76	3.43%	6.85%	10.28%	4.96	5.48
Infrared Com	oustion	I			L	L	L	L	L	L	
C, wt.%	1.14	0.050	1.04	1.24	0.99	1.29	4.36%	8.73%	13.09%	1.09	1.20
S, wt.%	3.14	0.103	2.94	3.35	2.83	3.45	3.28%	6.55%	9.83%	2.99	3.30
Borate / Perox	I	ICP			I	I	I	I	I	I	
Ag, ppm	54.8	3.26	48.3	61.3	45.0	64.5	5.94%	11.89%	17.83%	52.0	57.5
Al, wt.%	5.95	0.120	5.71	6.19	5.59	6.31	2.02%	4.04%	6.06%	5.65	6.25
As, ppm	708	69	570	845	501	914	9.73%	19.45%	29.18%	672	743
B, ppm	106	15	75	137	60	152	14.51%	29.02%	43.54%	101	111
Ba, wt.%	0.357	0.019	0.318	0.396	0.299	0.415	5.40%	10.79%	16.19%	0.339	0.375
Be, ppm	2.70	0.56	1.57	3.83	1.01	4.39	20.90%	41.80%	62.69%	2.56	2.83
Bi, ppm	2.71	0.63	1.45	3.98	0.82	4.61	23.30%	46.60%	69.90%	2.58	2.85
Ca, wt.%	0.474	0.060	0.355	0.593	0.295	0.653	12.57%	25.15%	37.72%	0.450	0.497
Cd, ppm	69	7	55	83	47	90	10.42%	20.84%	31.26%	65	72
Ce, ppm	91	4.8	81	100	76	105	5.31%	10.62%	15.94%	86	95
Co, ppm	7.33	1.15	5.03	9.62	3.89	10.77	15.65%	31.30%	46.95%	6.96	7.69
Cr, ppm	104	31	42	166	11	197	29.87%	59.75%	89.62%	99	109
Cs, ppm	3.89	0.339	3.21	4.57	2.87	4.91	8.73%	17.46%	26.19%	3.69	4.08
Cu, ppm	112	20	72	152	52	172	17.84%	35.68%	53.52%	106	118
	5.30	0.333	4.63	5.96	4.30	6.30	6.29%	12.58%	18.87%	5.03	5.56
Dy, ppm											
Er, ppm	2.92	0.216	2.48	3.35	2.27	3.56	7.40%	14.81%	22.21%	2.77	3.06
Eu, ppm	2.13	0.172	1.78	2.47	1.61	2.64	8.07%	16.15%	24.22%	2.02	2.23
Fe, wt.%	5.46	0.217	5.03	5.89	4.81	6.11	3.96%	7.93%	11.89%	5.19	5.74

Table 1. Certified Values and Performance Gates for OREAS 135b.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) = mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) = % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



	-										
-	Certified	Absolute Standard Deviations					Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% window	
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Borate / Perox	xide Fusion	ICP conti	nued								
Ga, ppm	18.1	1.9	14.2	22.0	12.3	24.0	10.71%	21.42%	32.13%	17.2	19.0
Gd, ppm	6.48	0.500	5.48	7.48	4.98	7.98	7.72%	15.43%	23.15%	6.15	6.80
Ge, ppm	3.26	0.75	1.76	4.77	1.00	5.52	23.08%	46.15%	69.23%	3.10	3.42
Hf, ppm	2.74	0.71	1.32	4.15	0.62	4.86	25.84%	51.69%	77.53%	2.60	2.87
Ho, ppm	0.97	0.11	0.74	1.20	0.63	1.31	11.73%	23.46%	35.19%	0.92	1.02
In, ppm	0.71	0.07	0.56	0.85	0.49	0.92	10.26%	20.51%	30.77%	0.67	0.74
K, wt.%	2.57	0.120	2.33	2.81	2.21	2.93	4.67%	9.34%	14.02%	2.44	2.70
La, ppm	44.9	3.75	37.4	52.4	33.7	56.2	8.35%	16.70%	25.05%	42.7	47.2
Li, ppm	22.3	2.04	18.2	26.4	16.2	28.4	9.16%	18.33%	27.49%	21.2	23.4
Lu, ppm	0.37	0.04	0.28	0.46	0.24	0.50	12.07%	24.14%	36.21%	0.35	0.39
Mg, wt.%	0.368	0.015	0.338	0.399	0.322	0.415	4.20%	8.39%	12.59%	0.350	0.387
Mn, wt.%	0.341	0.012	0.316	0.366	0.304	0.378	3.63%	7.26%	10.89%	0.324	0.358
Mo, ppm	6.97	2.49	1.98	11.96	0.00	14.45	35.80%	71.59%	107.39	6.62	7.32
Nb, ppm	10.3	2.0	6.3	14.3	4.2	16.3	19.60%	39.20%	58.80%	9.8	10.8
Nd, ppm	38.7	2.15	34.4	43.0	32.2	45.2	5.57%	11.13%	16.70%	36.8	40.6
Ni, ppm	21.3	7.1	7.1	35.5	0.0	42.6	33.36%	66.72%	100.08	20.2	22.3
P, wt.%	0.045	0.004	0.037	0.053	0.033	0.058	9.26%	18.51%	27.77%	0.043	0.047
Pb, wt.%	1.68	0.069	1.54	1.81	1.47	1.88	4.13%	8.26%	12.40%	1.59	1.76
Pr, ppm	10.5	0.64	9.2	11.7	8.5	12.4	6.13%	12.25%	18.38%	9.9	11.0
Rb, ppm	140	11	118	161	108	172	7.65%	15.30%	22.95%	133	147
S, wt.%	3.06	0.126	2.81	3.32	2.69	3.44	4.10%	8.20%	12.30%	2.91	3.22
Sb, ppm	40.9	2.59	35.7	46.1	33.1	48.7	6.34%	12.68%	19.02%	38.8	42.9
Sc, ppm	9.46	0.927	7.60	11.31	6.68	12.24	9.80%	19.60%	29.40%	8.98	9.93
Si, wt.%	30.68	1.344	27.99	33.37	26.65	34.71	4.38%	8.76%	13.15%	29.14	32.21
Sm, ppm	7.25	0.699	5.85	8.65	5.16	9.35	9.64%	19.27%	28.91%	6.89	7.61
Sr, ppm	125	7	110	139	103	146	5.72%	11.44%	17.16%	118	131
Ta, ppm	0.92	0.12	0.67	1.17	0.55	1.30	13.51%	27.02%	40.53%	0.88	0.97
Tb, ppm	0.92	0.090	0.74	1.10	0.65	1.19	9.81%	19.62%	29.42%	0.87	0.96
Th, ppm	12.8	0.78	11.3	14.4	10.5	15.2	6.12%	12.24%	18.36%	12.2	13.5
Ti, wt.%	0.276	0.011	0.254	0.298	0.244	0.309	3.93%	7.87%	11.80%	0.262	0.290
TI, ppm	5.47	0.393	4.68	6.26	4.29	6.65	7.19%	14.38%	21.58%	5.20	5.74
Tm, ppm	0.40	0.04	0.31	0.49	0.27	0.53	10.91%	21.81%	32.72%	0.38	0.42
U, ppm	5.26	0.384	4.49	6.03	4.11	6.41	7.30%	14.60%	21.90%	5.00	5.53
V, ppm	147	8	132	162	124	169	5.12%	10.24%	15.36%	139	154
W, ppm	3.37	0.59	2.19	4.55	1.59	5.14	17.57%	35.14%	52.71%	3.20	3.54
Y, ppm	29.0	3.4	22.2	35.8	18.9	39.1	11.65%	23.30%	34.96%	27.5	30.4
Yb, ppm	2.69	0.143	2.40	2.97	2.26	3.12	5.30%	10.61%	15.91%	2.55	2.82
Zn, wt.%	2.71	0.083	2.55	2.88	2.46	2.96	3.07%	6.13%	9.20%	2.58	2.85
Zr, ppm	96	13	70	122	57	135	13.61%	27.22%	40.83%	91	101

Table 1. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) = mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) = % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



		-									
	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviation	5	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% window	
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
4-Acid Digest	ion										
Ag, ppm	52.9	2.75	47.4	58.4	44.6	61.1	5.20%	10.40%	15.60%	50.2	55.5
Al, wt.%	5.81	0.244	5.32	6.30	5.08	6.54	4.21%	8.41%	12.62%	5.52	6.10
As, ppm	707	42	624	791	582	833	5.91%	11.82%	17.73%	672	743
Be, ppm	2.45	0.25	1.95	2.95	1.70	3.20	10.21%	20.41%	30.62%	2.33	2.57
Bi, ppm	2.66	0.083	2.49	2.82	2.41	2.91	3.12%	6.24%	9.35%	2.53	2.79
Ca, wt.%	0.481	0.024	0.434	0.529	0.410	0.553	4.95%	9.91%	14.86%	0.457	0.505
Cd, ppm	69	4.3	60	77	56	82	6.27%	12.54%	18.81%	65	72
Ce, ppm	86	9	68	104	59	113	10.37%	20.74%	31.11%	82	90
Co, ppm	6.26	0.68	4.89	7.63	4.21	8.31	10.91%	21.83%	32.74%	5.95	6.57
Cr, ppm	76	6.9	62	90	55	97	9.15%	18.31%	27.46%	72	80
Cs, ppm	3.76	0.330	3.09	4.42	2.76	4.75	8.80%	17.59%	26.39%	3.57	3.94
Cu, ppm	114	6	103	125	97	131	4.90%	9.79%	14.69%	108	120
Dy, ppm	4.35	0.56	3.23	5.47	2.67	6.03	12.86%	25.71%	38.57%	4.14	4.57
Er, ppm	2.04	0.34	1.36	2.71	1.02	3.05	16.57%	33.14%	49.72%	1.93	2.14
Eu, ppm	2.06	0.141	1.78	2.34	1.64	2.48	6.86%	13.71%	20.57%	1.96	2.16
Fe, wt.%	5.36	0.243	4.87	5.84	4.63	6.08	4.53%	9.05%	13.58%	5.09	5.62
Ga, ppm	18.3	1.41	15.4	21.1	14.0	22.5	7.72%	15.45%	23.17%	17.3	19.2
Gd, ppm	5.87	0.470	4.93	6.81	4.46	7.28	8.01%	16.03%	24.04%	5.58	6.16
Hf, ppm	2.12	0.190	1.74	2.50	1.55	2.69	8.99%	17.98%	26.97%	2.01	2.22
Ho, ppm	0.77	0.12	0.54	1.00	0.42	1.12	15.01%	30.01%	45.02%	0.73	0.81
In, ppm	0.69	0.066	0.55	0.82	0.49	0.88	9.60%	19.20%	28.80%	0.65	0.72
K, wt.%	2.52	0.107	2.31	2.74	2.20	2.84	4.24%	8.49%	12.73%	2.40	2.65
La, ppm	41.0	7.0	26.9	55.0	19.9	62.0	17.15%	34.31%	51.46%	38.9	43.0
Li, ppm	21.0	1.37	18.2	23.7	16.9	25.1	6.52%	13.03%	19.55%	19.9	22.0
Lu, ppm	0.29	0.04	0.20	0.38	0.15	0.42	15.63%	31.25%	46.88%	0.27	0.30
Mg, wt.%	0.357	0.020	0.318	0.396	0.299	0.416	5.47%	10.94%	16.42%	0.339	0.375
Mn, wt.%	0.326	0.018	0.290	0.362	0.273	0.380	5.51%	11.01%	16.52%	0.310	0.343
Mo, ppm	4.14	0.49	3.16	5.11	2.68	5.60	11.77%	23.53%	35.30%	3.93	4.34
Na, wt.%	0.095	0.009	0.077	0.113	0.068	0.122	9.48%	18.95%	28.43%	0.090	0.100
Nd, ppm	36.3	2.72	30.9	41.7	28.1	44.4	7.48%	14.96%	22.44%	34.5	38.1
Ni, ppm	14.9	1.27	12.4	17.4	11.1	18.7	8.52%	17.04%	25.55%	14.2	15.6
P, wt.%	0.044	0.002	0.039	0.048	0.037	0.051	5.46%	10.91%	16.37%	0.041	0.046
Pb, wt.%	1.71	0.061	1.59	1.83	1.53	1.90	3.58%	7.16%	10.75%	1.63	1.80
Pr, ppm	9.63	0.717	8.19	11.06	7.48	11.78	7.45%	14.89%	22.34%	9.15	10.11
Rb, ppm	137	8	121	153	113	160	5.83%	11.65%	17.48%	130	143
S, wt.%	3.03	0.114	2.80	3.26	2.69	3.37	3.75%	7.51%	11.26%	2.88	3.18
Sb, ppm	37.6	3.18	31.3	44.0	28.1	47.2	8.44%	16.88%	25.32%	35.7	39.5
Sc, ppm	10.3	0.54	9.2	11.4	8.7	11.9	5.27%	10.54%	15.81%	9.8	10.8
Se, ppm	2.79	0.46	1.86	3.72	1.40	4.18	16.59%	33.19%	49.78%	2.65	2.93
Sm, ppm	7.28	0.80	5.68	8.88	4.88	9.68	11.00%	21.99%	32.99%	6.92	7.64

Table 1. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



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	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviations	5	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% w	indow
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
4-Acid Digest	ion continu	ed									
Sn, ppm	4.02	0.354	3.31	4.73	2.96	5.08	8.80%	17.59%	26.39%	3.82	4.22
Sr, ppm	114	8	99	129	91	137	6.71%	13.42%	20.12%	108	120
Tb, ppm	0.80	0.10	0.60	0.99	0.50	1.09	12.30%	24.59%	36.89%	0.76	0.84
Te, ppm	0.20	0.08	0.04	0.36	0.00	0.45	40.93%	81.85%	122.78	0.19	0.21
Th, ppm	12.3	1.06	10.2	14.4	9.1	15.5	8.64%	17.28%	25.92%	11.7	12.9
Ti, wt.%	0.189	0.037	0.115	0.262	0.078	0.299	19.56%	39.11%	58.67%	0.179	0.198
TI, ppm	5.65	0.348	4.95	6.35	4.61	6.69	6.16%	12.31%	18.47%	5.37	5.93
Tm, ppm	0.29	0.05	0.19	0.39	0.14	0.45	17.72%	35.43%	53.15%	0.28	0.31
U, ppm	5.06	0.396	4.26	5.85	3.87	6.24	7.82%	15.65%	23.47%	4.80	5.31
V, ppm	141	5	131	152	126	157	3.71%	7.43%	11.14%	134	148
W, ppm	3.17	0.48	2.22	4.13	1.74	4.60	15.06%	30.12%	45.18%	3.01	3.33
Y, ppm	21.1	2.9	15.2	26.9	12.3	29.8	13.88%	27.76%	41.63%	20.0	22.1
Yb, ppm	1.90	0.29	1.31	2.48	1.02	2.78	15.39%	30.78%	46.17%	1.80	1.99
Zn, wt.%	2.73	0.110	2.51	2.95	2.40	3.06	4.04%	8.07%	12.11%	2.59	2.87
Zr, ppm	67	6.0	55	79	49	85	8.95%	17.90%	26.85%	64	70
Aqua Regia D	igestion	I									
Ag, ppm	53.5	1.34	50.8	56.1	49.4	57.5	2.50%	5.01%	7.51%	50.8	56.1
Al, wt.%	1.05	0.17	0.72	1.39	0.55	1.56	16.00%	32.00%	47.99%	1.00	1.10
As, ppm	707	47	612	801	565	848	6.69%	13.38%	20.07%	671	742
Be, ppm	0.74	0.14	0.47	1.01	0.33	1.14	18.43%	36.85%	55.28%	0.70	0.77
Bi, ppm	2.50	0.181	2.14	2.86	1.96	3.04	7.23%	14.46%	21.68%	2.38	2.63
Ca, wt.%	0.425	0.016	0.392	0.458	0.376	0.474	3.85%	7.70%	11.55%	0.404	0.446
Cd, ppm	67	2.6	61	72	59	75	3.96%	7.93%	11.89%	63	70
Ce, ppm	68	8	51	84	43	93	12.26%	24.52%	36.79%	64	71
Co, ppm	5.59	0.73	4.13	7.04	3.41	7.76	12.99%	25.99%	38.98%	5.31	5.86
Cr, ppm	29.7	2.37	24.9	34.4	22.5	36.8	8.00%	16.01%	24.01%	28.2	31.2
Cs, ppm	1.43	0.114	1.21	1.66	1.09	1.78	7.93%	15.85%	23.78%	1.36	1.51
Cu, ppm	116	6	104	128	98	134	5.27%	10.54%	15.81%	110	122
Dy, ppm	2.35	0.38	1.59	3.11	1.22	3.49	16.09%	32.19%	48.28%	2.23	2.47
Er, ppm	0.99	0.13	0.72	1.26	0.58	1.39	13.66%	27.32%	40.97%	0.94	1.04
Eu, ppm	1.40	0.135	1.13	1.67	0.99	1.80	9.65%	19.29%	28.94%	1.33	1.47
Fe, wt.%	5.10	0.201	4.70	5.51	4.50	5.71	3.94%	7.87%	11.81%	4.85	5.36
Ga, ppm	4.48	0.82	2.84	6.12	2.02	6.93	18.28%	36.55%	54.83%	4.25	4.70
Gd, ppm	4.01	0.56	2.88	5.14	2.32	5.70	14.06%	28.11%	42.17%	3.81	4.21
Hf, ppm	0.56	0.08	0.40	0.72	0.32	0.80	14.24%	28.47%	42.71%	0.53	0.59
Hg, ppm	0.91	0.067	0.77	1.04	0.71	1.11	7.40%	14.79%	22.19%	0.86	0.95
Ho, ppm	0.39	0.06	0.28	0.51	0.22	0.56	14.64%	29.28%	43.92%	0.37	0.41
In, ppm	0.63	0.060	0.51	0.75	0.45	0.81	9.52%	19.04%	28.56%	0.60	0.66
K, wt.%	0.328	0.061	0.206	0.450	0.145	0.511	18.62%	37.25%	55.87%	0.311	0.344
La, ppm	29.5	4.7	20.0	38.9	15.3	43.7	16.06%	32.11%	48.17%	28.0	30.9
La, ppill	23.5	7.1		30.9				- 0/(max)		20.0	50.9

Table 1. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



					itinueu.				50() 1		
Certified	Absolute Standard Deviations					Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% window		
Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High	
igestion co	ntinued										
5.37	1.16	3.05	7.69	1.89	8.85	21.58%	43.16%	64.74%	5.10	5.64	
0.11	0.02	0.08	0.15	0.07	0.16	13.95%	27.90%	41.85%	0.11	0.12	
0.118	0.012	0.093	0.142	0.081	0.155	10.50%	21.00%	31.50%	0.112	0.124	
0.293	0.017	0.259	0.328	0.242	0.345	5.84%	11.68%	17.52%	0.279	0.308	
3.86	0.40	3.06	4.65	2.66	5.05	10.33%	20.67%	31.00%	3.66	4.05	
25.8	3.3	19.1	32.4	15.8	35.7	12.91%	25.81%	38.72%	24.5	27.1	
13.0	1.13	10.7	15.3	9.6	16.4	8.73%	17.46%	26.19%	12.3	13.6	
0.041	0.002	0.036	0.045	0.034	0.047	5.07%	10.13%	15.20%	0.039	0.043	
1.69	0.037	1.62	1.77	1.58	1.80	2.16%	4.33%	6.49%	1.61	1.78	
6.84	1.03	4.78	8.90	3.75	9.93	15.08%	30.16%	45.24%	6.50	7.18	
23.5	5.4	12.6	34.3	7.2	39.8	23.09%	46.18%	69.28%	22.3	24.7	
3.08	0.150	2.78	3.39	2.63	3.54	4.88%	9.76%	14.64%	2.93	3.24	
29.9	4.3	21.3	38.5	17.0	42.8	14.40%	28.79%	43.19%	28.4	31.3	
1.95	0.38	1.19	2.72	0.81	3.10	19.58%	39.17%	58.75%	1.86	2.05	
2.71	0.56	1.59	3.83	1.03	4.39	20.65%	41.31%	61.96%	2.57	2.84	
4.86	0.72	3.41	6.31	2.69	7.03	14.90%	29.80%	44.71%	4.62	5.10	
1.65	0.20	1.25	2.04	1.06	2.23	11.93%	23.87%	35.80%	1.56	1.73	
26.2	2.7	20.8	31.6	18.1	34.3	10.28%	20.57%	30.85%	24.9	27.5	
0.53	0.06	0.41	0.65	0.34	0.72	11.76%	23.53%	35.29%	0.50	0.56	
0.15	0.03	0.10	0.21	0.07	0.24	17.72%	35.44%	53.17%	0.15	0.16	
9.29	1.09	7.10	11.47	6.01	12.56	11.75%	23.49%	35.24%	8.82	9.75	
0.010	0.001	0.009	0.012	0.008	0.012	6.52%	13.03%	19.55%	0.010	0.011	
1.22	0.17	0.89	1.56	0.72	1.73	13.81%	27.62%	41.42%	1.16	1.28	
0.12	0.02	0.07	0.16	0.05	0.18	18.80%	37.61%	56.41%	0.11	0.12	
3.51	0.223	3.06	3.95	2.84	4.18	6.36%	12.72%	19.08%	3.33	3.68	
28.1	4.7	18.7	37.5	14.0	42.2	16.72%	33.45%	50.17%	26.7	29.5	
1.34	0.23	0.89	1.79	0.66	2.02	16.85%	33.70%	50.56%	1.27	1.41	
10.5	0.62	9.2	11.7	8.6	12.3	5.96%	11.92%	17.88%	9.9	11.0	
0.78	0.14	0.51	1.05	0.37	1.19	17.39%	34.78%	52.16%	0.74	0.82	
2.73	0.075	2.58	2.88	2.50	2.95	2.76%	5.51%	8.27%	2.59	2.86	
17.1	2.1	13.0	21.2	10.9	23.3	12.03%	24.05%	36.08%	16.3	18.0	
	Value igestion con 5.37 0.11 0.118 0.293 3.86 25.8 13.0 0.041 1.69 6.84 23.5 3.08 29.9 1.95 2.71 4.86 1.65 26.2 0.53 0.15 9.29 0.010 1.22 0.12 3.51 28.1 1.34 10.5 0.78 2.73	Certified Value 1SD igestion commed 1SD igestion commed 0.11 0.11 0.02 0.118 0.012 0.293 0.017 3.86 0.40 25.8 3.3 13.0 1.13 0.041 0.002 1.69 0.037 6.84 1.03 23.5 5.4 3.08 0.150 29.9 4.3 1.95 0.38 2.71 0.56 4.86 0.72 1.65 0.20 26.2 2.7 0.53 0.06 0.15 0.03 9.29 1.09 0.010 0.001 1.22 0.17 0.12 0.02 3.51 0.223 28.1 4.7 1.34 0.23 10.5 0.62 0.78 0.14 2.73 0.075	Certified Value 1SD 2SD Low igestion continued 3.05 0.11 0.02 0.08 0.118 0.012 0.093 0.293 0.017 0.259 3.86 0.40 3.06 25.8 3.3 19.1 13.0 1.13 10.7 0.041 0.002 0.036 1.69 0.037 1.62 6.84 1.03 4.78 23.5 5.4 12.6 3.08 0.150 2.78 29.9 4.3 21.3 1.95 0.38 1.19 2.71 0.56 1.59 4.86 0.72 3.41 1.65 0.20 1.25 26.2 2.7 20.8 0.53 0.06 0.41 0.15 0.03 0.10 9.29 1.09 7.10 0.53 0.06 0.41 0.15 0.02 0.07	Certified Value 1SD 2SD Low 2SD High igestion continued 5.37 1.16 3.05 7.69 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9.93 15.08% 23.5 5.4<td>Certified Value ISD ZSD Low ZSD High ZSD Low SSD High IRSD IRSD ZRSD igestion co-ti-ued 5.37 1.16 3.05 7.69 1.89 8.85 21.58% 43.16% 0.11 0.02 0.08 0.15 0.07 0.16 13.95% 27.90% 0.118 0.012 0.093 0.142 0.081 0.155 10.50% 21.00% 0.293 0.017 0.259 0.328 0.242 0.345 5.84% 11.68% 3.86 0.40 3.06 4.65 2.66 5.05 10.33% 20.67% 25.8 3.3 19.1 32.4 15.8 35.7 12.91% 25.81% 13.0 1.13 10.7 15.3 9.6 16.4 8.73% 17.46% 0.041 0.002 0.036 0.045 0.047 5.07% 10.13% 1.69 0.37 1.62 1.77 1.58 1.80 21.6% 4.33%<td>Certified Value TSD ZSD Low ZSD High ZSD Low ZSD High ZSD Low ZSD High ZSD Low ZSD High ZSDD High ZSDD High <thzdd High</thzdd </br></br></br></br></br></td><td>Certified Value Usb 2SD Low 3SD High 3SD Low 3SD High 1RSD 2RSD 3RSD Low igestion continued 0.02 0.08 0.15 0.07 0.16 13.95% 27.90% 41.85% 0.11 0.11 0.02 0.08 0.15 0.07 0.16 13.95% 27.90% 41.85% 0.11 0.118 0.017 0.259 0.328 0.242 0.345 5.84% 11.68% 17.52% 0.279 3.86 0.40 3.06 4.65 2.66 5.05 10.33% 20.67% 31.00% 3.66 25.8 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Table 1. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



INTRODUCTION

OREAS reference materials are intended to provide a low-cost method of evaluating and improving the quality of analysis of geological samples. To the geologist they provide a means of implementing quality control in analytical data sets generated in exploration from the grass roots level through to prospect evaluation, and in grade control at mining operations. To the analyst they provide an effective means of calibrating analytical equipment, assessing new techniques and routinely monitoring in-house procedures. OREAS reference materials enable users to successfully achieve process control of these tasks because the observed variance from repeated analysis has its origin almost exclusively in the analytical process rather than the reference material itself. In evaluating laboratory performance with this CRM, the section headed 'Instructions for correct use' should be read carefully.

Table 1 provides performance gate intervals for the certified values. Table 2 provides some indicative physical properties, Table 3 shows indicative values and Table 4 presents the 95% confidence and tolerance limits for all certified values. Tabulated results of all elements together with uncorrected means, medians, standard deviations, relative standard deviations and per cent deviation of lab means from the corrected mean of means (PDM³) are presented in the detailed certification data for this CRM (**OREAS 135b-DataPack.1.0.220329_160912.xlsx**).

Comparisons of interlaboratory bias and precision are graphically presented in scatter plots for Ag, Pb and Zn by 4-acid digestion (Figures 1 to 3, respectively) together with ±3SD (magenta) and certified value (green line). Accepted individual results are coloured blue and individual and dataset outliers are identified in red and violet, respectively.

SOURCE MATERIAL

OREAS 135b has been prepared from a blend of black slate and Zn-Pb-Ag ores from the Dugald River and Cannington deposits located in Northern Queensland, Australia.

PERFORMANCE GATES

Table 1 above shows intervals calculated for two and three standard deviations. As a guide these intervals may be regarded as warning or rejection for multiple 2SD outliers, or rejection for individual 3SD outliers in QC monitoring, although their precise application should be at the discretion of the QC manager concerned (also see 'Intended Use' section below). Westgard Rules extend the basics of single-rule QC monitoring using multi-rules (for more information visit www.westgard.com/mltirule.htm). A second method utilises a 5% window calculated directly from the certified value. For information on the calculation of standard deviations see the 'Statistical Analysis' section below.

Standard deviation is also shown in relative percent for one, two and three relative standard deviations (1RSD, 2RSD and 3RSD) to facilitate an appreciation of the magnitude of these numbers and a comparison with the 5% window. Caution should be exercised when concentration levels approach lower limits of detection of the analytical methods employed as performance gates calculated from standard deviations tend to be excessively wide whereas those determined by the 5% method are too narrow. One



approach used at commercial laboratories is to set the acceptance criteria at twice the detection level (DL) \pm 10%.

i.e., Certified Value \pm 10% \pm 2DL (adapted from Govett, 1983).

COMMINUTION AND HOMOGENISATION PROCEDURES

The material constituting OREAS 135b was prepared in the following manner:

- Drying of ores to constant mass at 85°C;
- Drying of barren slate to constant mass at 105°C;
- Crushing and multi-stage milling of ores to 100% minus 30 microns;
- Crushing and milling of barren slate to 98% minus 75 microns;
- Preliminary homogenisation and check assaying of ores;
- Blending the barren slate and ores in specific ratios to achieve target Zn, Pb and Ag values.
- Packaging into 10g units sealed under nitrogen in laminated foil pouches.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

OREAS 135b was tested at ORE Research & Exploration Pty Ltd's onsite facility for various physical properties. Table 2 presents these findings that should be used for informational purposes only.

Bulk Density (g/L)	C Density (g/L) Moisture%		Munsell Color [‡]		
657	0.73	5Y 2/1	Olive Black		

[‡]The Munsell Rock Color Chart helps geologists and archeologists communicate with colour more effectively by cross-referencing ISCC-NBS colour names with unique Munsell alpha-numeric colour notations for rock colour samples.

ANALYTICAL PROGRAM

Twenty-six commercial analytical laboratories participated in the program to certify the elements reported in Table 1. The following methods were employed:

- Majors & base metals by oxidising fusion with X-ray fluorescence finish (up to 20 laboratories depending on the element);
- Loss on ignition at 1000° Celsius (12 laboratories);
- Total Sulphur by infrared combustion furnace or C/S analyser;
- Full ICP-OES and MS elemental suites by peroxide fusion (up to 22 laboratories depending on the element);
- Full ICP-OES and MS elemental suites by 4-acid (HNO₃-HF-HClO₄-HCl) digestion (up to 22 laboratories depending on the element);
- Full ICP-OES and MS elemental suites by aqua regia digestion (up to 18 laboratories depending on the element).



For the round robin program ten 500g test units were taken at predetermined intervals during the bagging stage, immediately following homogenisation and are considered representative of the entire prepared batch. Six 20g pulp samples were submitted to each laboratory for analysis. The samples received by each laboratory were obtained by taking two samples from each of three separate 500g test units. This format enabled a nested ANOVA treatment of the results to evaluate homogeneity, i.e., to ascertain whether between-unit variance is greater than within-unit variance (see 'Homogeneity Evaluation' section below).

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Certified Values and their uncertainty intervals (Table 4) have been determined for each analyte following removal of individual, laboratory dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration).

For individual outliers within a laboratory batch the z-score test is used in combination with a second method that determines the per cent deviation of the individual value from the batch median. Outliers in general are selected on the basis of z-scores > 2.5 and with per cent deviations (i) > 3 and (ii) more than three times the average absolute per cent deviation for the batch. In certain instances, statistician's prerogative has been employed in discriminating outliers.

Each laboratory data set mean is tested for outlying status based on z-score discrimination and rejected if > 2.5. After individual and laboratory data set (batch) outliers have been eliminated a non-iterative 3 standard deviation filter is applied, with those values lying outside this window also relegated to outlying status.

Certified Values are the means of accepted laboratory means after outlier filtering and are the present best estimate of the true value.

The 95% Expanded Uncertainty provides a 95% probability that the true value of the analyte under consideration lies between the upper and lower limits and is calculated according to the method in ISO Guides [5,15]. All known or suspected sources of bias have been investigated or taken into account.

Indicative (uncertified) values (Table 3) are present where the number of laboratories reporting a particular analyte is insufficient (< 5) to support certification. These major and trace element characterisation values are presented for informational purposes only.

Standard Deviation intervals (Table 1) provide an indication of a level of performance that might reasonably be expected from a laboratory being monitored by this CRM in a QA/QC program. They take into account errors attributable to measurement uncertainty and CRM variability. For an effective CRM the contribution of the latter should be negligible in comparison to measurement errors. The Standard Deviation values include all sources of measurement uncertainty: between-lab variance, within-run variance (precision errors) and CRM variability.

In the application of SD's in monitoring performance it is important to note that not all laboratories function at the same level of proficiency and that different methods in use at a particular laboratory have differing levels of precision. Each laboratory has its own inherent SD (for a specific concentration level and analyte-method pair) based on the analytical



process and this SD is not directly related to the round robin program (see Intended Use section for more detail).

The SD for each analyte's certified value is calculated from the same filtered data set used to determine the certified value, i.e., after removal of all individual, lab dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration). These outliers can only be removed after the absolute homogeneity of the CRM has been independently established, i.e., the outliers must be confidently deemed to be analytical rather than arising from inhomogeneity of the CRM. *The standard deviation is then calculated for each analyte from the pooled accepted analyses generated from the certification program.*

	1							
Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value
Borate Fusion	XRF						<u> </u>	
Ag	ppm	63.3	Hg	ppm	< 100	Sn	ppm	< 100
Bi	ppm	92	In	ppm	< 100	SrO	ppm	161
Cd	ppm	65	La	ppm	< 90	Та	ppm	< 100
Ce	ppm	< 80	Мо	ppm	< 50	Те	ppm	< 100
Со	ppm	< 100	Nb	ppm	55	TI	ppm	< 100
Cr ₂ O ₃	ppm	167	Ni	ppm	71	V ₂ O ₅	ppm	213
Cs	ppm	< 100	Rb	ppm	143	W	ppm	< 10
Ga	ppm	< 100	Sb	ppm	< 50	Y	ppm	< 39
Ge	ppm	< 100	Sc	ppm	< 100	Zr	ppm	142
Hf	ppm	< 80	Se	ppm	< 100			
Borate / Perox	ide Fus	ion ICP						
Na	wt.%	0.096	Se	ppm	14.9	Те	ppm	1.73
Re	ppm	< 1	Sn	ppm	5.31			
4-Acid Digesti	on							
Ва	wt.%	0.160	Nb	ppm	5.40	Та	ppm	0.40
Ge	ppm	0.99	Re	ppm	0.003			
Aqua Regia Di	igestior	1						
Au	ppm	0.029	Na	wt.%	0.015	Re	ppm	0.002
В	ppm	7.63	Nb	ppm	0.13	Та	ppm	< 0.05
Ba	wt.%	0.018	Pd	ppb	23.8			
Ge	ppm	0.26	Pt	ppb	7.67			

 Table 3. Indicative Values for OREAS 135b.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction). Note: the number of significant figures reported is not a reflection of the level of certainty of stated values. They are instead an artefact of ORE's in-house CRM-specific LIMS.



	-				
Constituent	Certified		ed Uncertainty		ance Limits
	Value	Low	High	Low	High
Borate Fusion XRF					
Al ₂ O ₃ , Aluminium(III) oxide (wt.%)	11.14	10.96	11.32	11.03	11.25
As, Arsenic (ppm)	751	644	858	732	770
BaO, Barium oxide (wt.%)	0.393	0.376	0.409	0.382	0.403
CaO, Calcium oxide (wt.%)	0.665	0.650	0.680	0.651	0.679
Cu, Copper (ppm)	131	108	153	IND	IND
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	5.41	5.34	5.49	5.36	5.47
K ₂ O, Potassium oxide (wt.%)	3.04	2.98	3.10	3.01	3.07
MgO, Magnesium oxide (wt.%)	0.636	0.609	0.662	0.616	0.655
Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.339	0.330	0.347	0.331	0.347
Na ₂ O, Sodium oxide (wt.%)	0.158	0.109	0.207	0.148	0.168
P ₂ O ₅ , Phosphorus(V) oxide (wt.%)	0.100	0.093	0.108	IND	IND
Pb, Lead (wt.%)	1.72	1.68	1.76	1.69	1.75
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	3.10	3.01	3.19	3.05	3.14
SiO ₂ , Silicon dioxide (wt.%)	64.01	63.41	64.62	63.67	64.35
TiO ₂ , Titanium dioxide (wt.%)	0.463	0.450	0.477	0.450	0.477
Zn, Zinc (wt.%)	2.77	2.72	2.82	2.74	2.80
Thermogravimetry					
LOI ¹⁰⁰⁰ , Loss On Ignition @1000°C (wt.%)	5.22	5.08	5.36	5.14	5.30
Infrared Combustion					
C, Carbon (wt.%)	1.14	1.12	1.17	1.12	1.16
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	3.14	3.08	3.20	3.09	3.19
Borate / Peroxide Fusion ICP			1		
Ag, Silver (ppm)	54.8	49.7	59.9	49.9	59.7
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	5.95	5.81	6.08	5.84	6.05
As, Arsenic (ppm)	708	644	771	684	731
B, Boron (ppm)	106	79	133	96	116
Ba, Barium (wt.%)	0.357	0.342	0.372	0.347	0.368
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	2.70	2.16	3.24	IND	IND
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	2.71	2.05	3.37	2.44	2.98
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	0.474	0.430	0.518	0.449	0.498
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	69	62	76	66	72
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	91	86	95	87	95
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	7.33	5.88	8.77	6.31	8.34
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	104	86	122	93	115
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	3.89	3.57	4.20	3.65	4.12
Cu, Copper (ppm)	112	98	126	101	123
Dy, Dysprosium (ppm)	5.30	4.80	5.79	4.92	5.68
Er, Erbium (ppm)	2.92	2.60	3.23	2.63	3.20
Eu, Europium (ppm)	2.32	1.91	2.34	1.95	2.31
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	5.46	5.30	5.62	5.37	5.55
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	18.1	16.5	19.8	17.0	19.3
Ga, Gailium (ppm)					19.5

Table 4. 95% Uncertainty & Tolerance Limits for OREAS 135b.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) = mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) = % (mass fraction).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



Table 4. continued.					
Constituent	Certified	95% Expanded Uncertainty		95% Tolerance Limits	
	Value	Low	High	Low	High
Borate / Peroxide Fusion ICP continued					
Gd, Gadolinium (ppm)	6.48	5.61	7.34	6.13	6.83
Ge, Germanium (ppm)	3.26	2.18	4.34	IND	IND
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	2.74	1.83	3.64	IND	IND
Ho, Holmium (ppm)	0.97	0.85	1.09	0.90	1.05
In, Indium (ppm)	0.71	0.58	0.83	IND	IND
K, Potassium (wt.%)	2.57	2.47	2.67	2.51	2.63
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	44.9	42.4	47.4	42.4	47.4
Li, Lithium (ppm)	22.3	19.9	24.7	21.0	23.6
Lu, Lutetium (ppm)	0.37	0.28	0.46	0.31	0.43
Mg, Magnesium (wt.%)	0.368	0.353	0.384	0.357	0.380
Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.341	0.328	0.353	0.330	0.352
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	6.97	3.65	10.28	IND	IND
Nb, Niobium (ppm)	10.3	8.7	11.9	IND	IND
Nd, Neodymium (ppm)	38.7	36.0	41.4	36.8	40.6
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	21.3	8.8	33.7	IND	IND
P, Phosphorus (wt.%)	0.045	0.038	0.053	IND	IND
Pb, Lead (wt.%)	1.68	1.61	1.74	1.63	1.72
Pr, Praseodymium (ppm)	10.5	9.6	11.3	9.9	11.0
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	140	130	149	134	145
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	3.06	2.96	3.17	2.98	3.15
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	40.9	36.5	45.3	38.8	43.0
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	9.46	8.02	10.89	IND	IND
Si, Silicon (wt.%)	30.68	29.65	31.71	30.14	31.21
Sm, Samarium (ppm)	7.25	6.63	7.88	6.61	7.90
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	125	117	132	120	129
Ta, Tantalum (ppm)	0.92	0.61	1.23	IND	IND
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.92	0.77	1.06	0.80	1.03
Th, Thorium (ppm)	12.8	12.2	13.5	12.4	13.3
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.276	0.265	0.287	0.266	0.286
TI, Thallium (ppm)	5.47	4.93	6.02	5.08	5.86
Tm, Thulium (ppm)	0.40	0.31	0.49	0.37	0.43
U, Uranium (ppm)	5.26	4.68	5.85	4.91	5.62
V, Vanadium (ppm)	147	142	151	142	152
W, Tungsten (ppm)	3.37	2.42	4.32	IND	IND
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	29.0	26.1	31.9	27.5	30.5
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	2.69	2.40	2.98	2.49	2.89
Zn, Zinc (wt.%)	2.71	2.63	2.79	2.66	2.77
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	96	75	117	IND	IND
4-Acid Digestion		I			I
Ag, Silver (ppm)	52.9	50.6	55.1	50.9	54.8
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	5.81	5.63	5.99	5.64	5.97
SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6					

Table 4. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



Table 4. continued.						
Constituent Certified 95% Expanded Uncertaint			95% Tolerance Limits			
Constituent	Value	Low	High	Low	High	
4-Acid Digestion continued						
As, Arsenic (ppm)	707	668	746	684	731	
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	2.45	2.30	2.60	2.35	2.55	
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	2.66	2.56	2.76	2.55	2.77	
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	0.481	0.467	0.496	0.469	0.494	
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	69	67	71	67	71	
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	86	80	92	82	90	
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	6.26	5.63	6.89	5.97	6.55	
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	76	72	80	73	79	
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	3.76	3.52	3.99	3.58	3.93	
Cu, Copper (ppm)	114	109	119	110	118	
Dy, Dysprosium (ppm)	4.35	3.84	4.86	4.17	4.53	
Er, Erbium (ppm)	2.04	1.73	2.35	1.97	2.10	
Eu, Europium (ppm)	2.06	1.88	2.24	1.96	2.16	
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	5.36	5.20	5.51	5.23	5.48	
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	18.3	17.2	19.3	17.5	19.0	
Gd, Gadolinium (ppm)	5.87	5.33	6.40	5.61	6.13	
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	2.12	1.93	2.30	1.94	2.29	
Ho, Holmium (ppm)	0.77	0.67	0.88	0.73	0.81	
In, Indium (ppm)	0.69	0.60	0.77	0.64	0.73	
K, Potassium (wt.%)	2.52	2.44	2.60	2.47	2.57	
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	41.0	37.0	44.9	39.7	42.3	
Li, Lithium (ppm)	21.0	19.7	22.2	20.2	21.7	
Lu, Lutetium (ppm)	0.29	0.25	0.33	0.26	0.31	
Mg, Magnesium (wt.%)	0.357	0.344	0.370	0.349	0.365	
Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.326	0.313	0.340	0.320	0.333	
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	4.14	3.68	4.59	3.87	4.40	
Na, Sodium (wt.%)	0.095	0.087	0.103	0.092	0.098	
Nd, Neodymium (ppm)	36.3	33.8	38.8	35.1	37.5	
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	14.9	13.2	16.6	14.1	15.7	
P, Phosphorus (wt.%)	0.044	0.042	0.045	0.042	0.045	
Pb, Lead (wt.%)	1.71	1.66	1.76	1.67	1.76	
Pr, Praseodymium (ppm)	9.63	9.00	10.26	9.37	9.89	
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	137	129	144	132	141	
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	3.03	2.94	3.12	2.96	3.10	
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	37.6	34.3	40.9	35.7	39.5	
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	10.3	9.5	11.0	9.8	10.7	
Se, Selenium (ppm)	2.79	1.71	3.87	2.37	3.21	
Sm, Samarium (ppm)	7.28	6.62	7.94	6.95	7.60	
Sn, Tin (ppm)	4.02	3.63	4.41	3.83	4.21	
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	114	109	119	110	118	
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.80	0.70	0.89	0.76	0.83	
	A					

Table 4. continued.

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



	Table 4. co	ntinued.			
Constituent	Certified	95% Expanded Uncertainty		95% Tolerance Limits	
Constituent	Value	Low	High	Low	High
4-Acid Digestion continued	I	1			1
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	0.20	0.09	0.31	IND	IND
Th, Thorium (ppm)	12.3	11.5	13.1	11.8	12.8
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.189	0.168	0.209	0.181	0.196
TI, Thallium (ppm)	5.65	5.38	5.92	5.42	5.88
Tm, Thulium (ppm)	0.29	0.24	0.34	0.27	0.32
U, Uranium (ppm)	5.06	4.73	5.38	4.75	5.37
V, Vanadium (ppm)	141	136	147	137	146
W, Tungsten (ppm)	3.17	2.72	3.62	2.99	3.35
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	21.1	18.7	23.5	20.3	21.8
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	1.90	1.62	2.17	1.81	1.99
Zn, Zinc (wt.%)	2.73	2.66	2.80	2.67	2.79
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	67	63	71	65	69
Aqua Regia Digestion					
Ag, Silver (ppm)	53.5	51.6	55.3	51.6	55.3
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	1.05	0.96	1.14	1.03	1.08
As, Arsenic (ppm)	707	680	733	694	719
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	0.74	0.65	0.82	0.70	0.77
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	2.50	2.34	2.66	2.42	2.58
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	0.425	0.412	0.438	0.412	0.438
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	67	65	69	65	68
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	68	62	74	66	69
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	5.59	5.21	5.97	5.43	5.74
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	29.7	28.0	31.3	28.5	30.9
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	1.43	1.33	1.54	1.39	1.48
Cu, Copper (ppm)	116	112	120	114	118
Dy, Dysprosium (ppm)	2.35	1.97	2.74	2.23	2.48
Er, Erbium (ppm)	0.99	0.84	1.14	0.95	1.03
Eu, Europium (ppm)	1.40	1.24	1.56	1.34	1.46
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	5.10	4.98	5.22	5.01	5.20
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	4.48	3.91	5.04	4.28	4.67
Gd, Gadolinium (ppm)	4.01	3.43	4.59	3.83	4.19
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	0.56	0.50	0.62	0.52	0.59
Hg, Mercury (ppm)	0.91	0.83	0.98	0.87	0.95
Ho, Holmium (ppm)	0.39	0.33	0.45	0.37	0.41
In, Indium (ppm)	0.63	0.58	0.68	0.60	0.66
K, Potassium (wt.%)	0.328	0.297	0.359	0.316	0.340
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	29.5	26.5	32.4	28.5	30.4
Li, Lithium (ppm)	5.37	4.43	6.31	5.13	5.61
Lu, Lutetium (ppm)	0.11	0.10	0.13	IND	IND
Mg, Magnesium (wt.%)	0.118	0.108	0.127	0.112	0.123
Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.293	0.284	0.303	0.287	0.300

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.



Table 4. continued.							
Constituent	Certified	95% Expanded Uncertainty		95% Tolerance Limits			
Constituent	Value	Low	High	Low	High		
Aqua Regia Digestion continued							
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	3.86	3.58	4.13	3.71	4.01		
Nd, Neodymium (ppm)	25.8	22.3	29.2	24.7	26.9		
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	13.0	12.2	13.8	12.5	13.5		
P, Phosphorus (wt.%)	0.041	0.039	0.042	0.039	0.042		
Pb, Lead (wt.%)	1.69	1.66	1.73	1.65	1.73		
Pr, Praseodymium (ppm)	6.84	5.64	8.04	6.57	7.11		
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	23.5	20.0	27.0	22.6	24.4		
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	3.08	2.99	3.18	3.01	3.16		
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	29.9	27.4	32.3	28.8	31.0		
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	1.95	1.62	2.29	1.81	2.10		
Se, Selenium (ppm)	2.71	2.11	3.31	2.34	3.08		
Sm, Samarium (ppm)	4.86	4.14	5.58	4.60	5.12		
Sn, Tin (ppm)	1.65	1.48	1.81	1.58	1.71		
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	26.2	24.9	27.6	25.4	27.0		
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.53	0.46	0.60	0.51	0.55		
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	0.15	0.11	0.20	IND	IND		
Th, Thorium (ppm)	9.29	8.59	9.99	9.01	9.56		
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.010	0.010	0.011	0.010	0.011		
TI, Thallium (ppm)	1.22	1.11	1.34	1.19	1.26		
Tm, Thulium (ppm)	0.12	0.09	0.15	IND	IND		
U, Uranium (ppm)	3.51	3.30	3.71	3.37	3.65		
V, Vanadium (ppm)	28.1	25.6	30.5	27.1	29.1		
W, Tungsten (ppm)	1.34	1.14	1.53	1.20	1.47		
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	10.5	9.9	11.0	10.2	10.7		
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	0.78	0.59	0.96	0.77	0.79		
Zn, Zinc (wt.%)	2.73	2.66	2.79	2.67	2.78		
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	17.1	15.8	18.5	16.5	17.7		

Table 4 continued

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^6) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction). Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

IND = indeterminate (due to limited reading resolution of the methods employed).

Homogeneity Evaluation

The tolerance limits (ISO 16269:2014) shown in Table 4 were determined using an analysis of precision errors method and are considered a conservative estimate of true homogeneity. The meaning of tolerance limits may be illustrated for Zn by 4-acid digestion, where 99% of the time (1- α =0.99) at least 95% of subsamples (ρ =0.95) will have concentrations lying between 2.67 and 2.79 wt.%. Put more precisely, this means that if the same number of subsamples were taken and analysed in the same manner repeatedly, 99% of the tolerance intervals so constructed would cover at least 95% of the total population, and 1% of the tolerance intervals would cover less than 95% of the total population (ISO Guide 35). Please note that tolerance limits pertain to the homogeneity of the CRM only and should not be used as control limits for laboratory performance.



Based on the statistical analysis of the results of the inter-laboratory certification program it can be concluded that OREAS 135b is fit-for-purpose as a certified reference material (see 'Intended Use' below).

PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES

- 1. Actlabs, Ancaster, Ontario, Canada
- 2. AGAT Laboratories, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
- 3. AGAT Laboratories, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada
- 4. ALS, Brisbane, QLD, Australia
- 5. ALS, Lima, Peru
- 6. ALS, Loughrea, Galway, Ireland
- 7. ALS, Perth, WA, Australia
- 8. ALS, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 9. American Assay Laboratories, Sparks, Nevada, USA
- 10. ARGETEST Mineral Processing, Ankara, Central Anatolia, Turkey
- 11. Bureau Veritas Commodities Canada Ltd, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 12. Bureau Veritas Geoanalytical, Adelaide, SA, Australia
- 13. Bureau Veritas Geoanalytical, Perth, WA, Australia
- 14. ESAN Balya, Balya, Turkey
- 15. ESAN Istanbul, Istanbul, Turkey
- 16. Intertek Genalysis, Perth, WA, Australia
- 17. Intertek Testing Services Philippines, Cupang, Muntinlupa, Philippines
- 18. MinAnalytical Services, Perth, WA, Australia
- 19. MSALABS, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 20. PT Geoservices Ltd, Cikarang, Jakarta Raya, Indonesia
- 21. PT Intertek Utama Services, Jakarta Timur, DKI Jakarta, Indonesia
- 22. Saskatchewan Research Council, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada
- 23. SGS, Randfontein, Gauteng, South Africa
- 24. SGS Australia Mineral Services, Perth, WA, Australia
- 25. SGS Geosol Laboratorios Ltda, Vespasiano, Minas Gerais, Brazil
- 26. Shiva Analyticals Ltd, Bangalore North, Karnataka, India

Please note: To preserve anonymity, the above numbered alphabetical list of participating laboratories <u>does not</u> correspond with the Lab ID numbering on the scatter plots below.

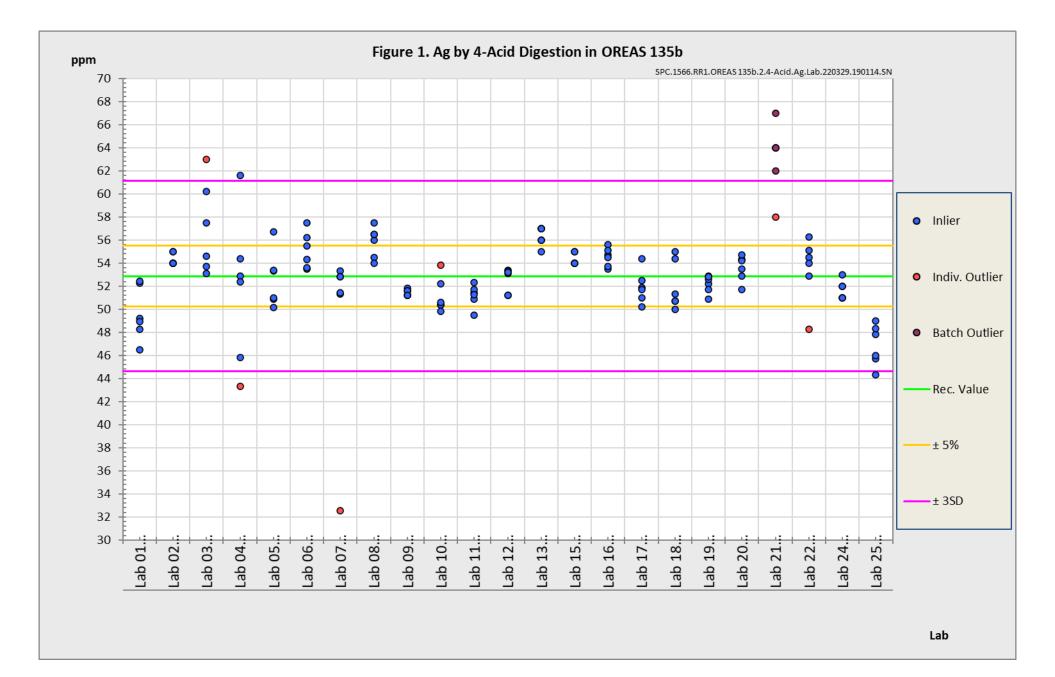
PREPARER

Certified reference material OREAS 135b was prepared and certified by:

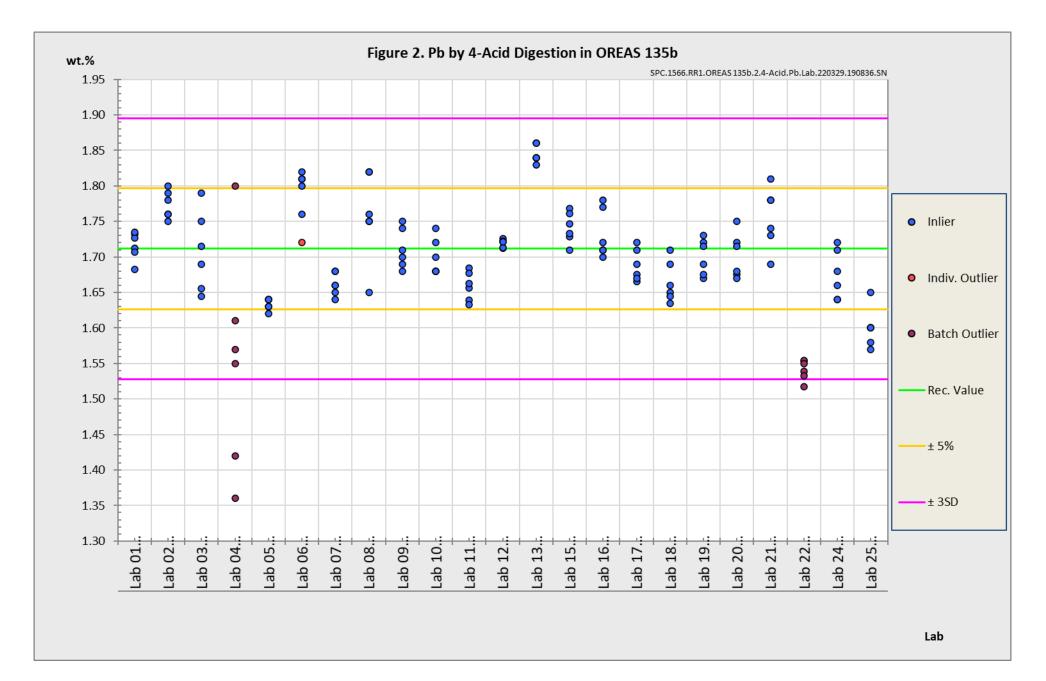


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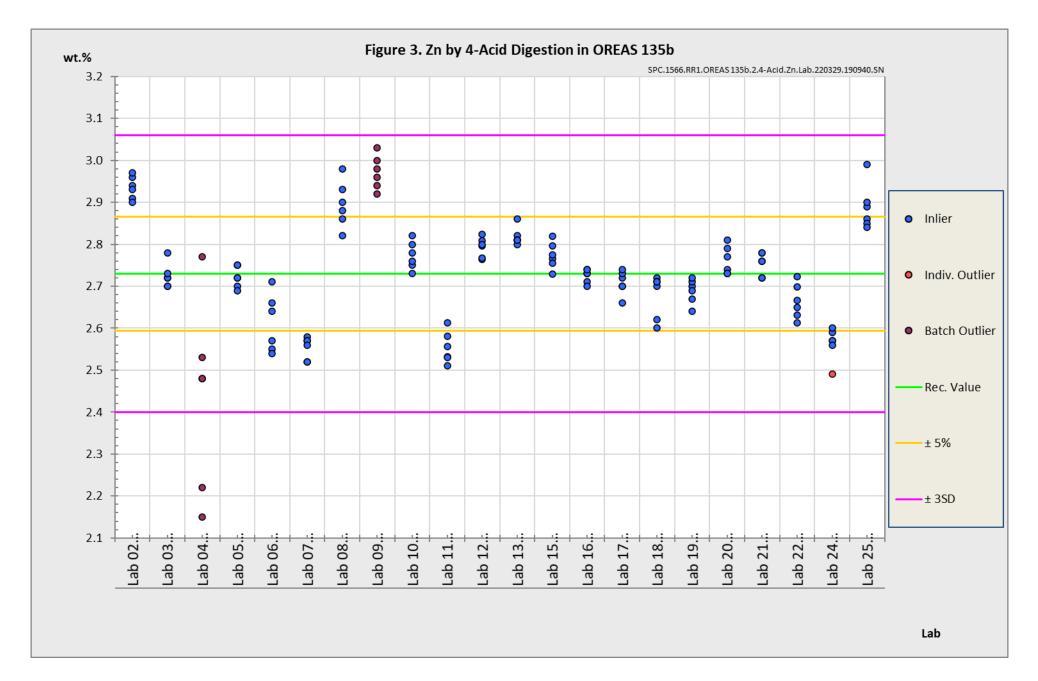














METROLOGICAL TRACEABILITY

The analytical samples were selected in a manner representative of the entire batch of the prepared CRM. This 'representivity' was maintained in each submitted laboratory sample batch and ensures the user that the data is traceable from sample selection through to the analytical results that underlie the consensus values. Each analytical data set has been validated by its assayer through the inclusion of internal reference materials and QC checks during analysis.

The laboratories were chosen on the basis of their competence (from past performance in inter-laboratory programs undertaken by ORE Pty Ltd) for a particular analytical method, analyte or analyte suite and sample matrix. Most of these laboratories have and maintain ISO 17025 accreditation. The certified values presented in this report are calculated from the means of accepted data following robust statistical treatment, as detailed in this report.

Guide ISO/TR 16476:2016, section 5.3.1 describes metrological traceability in reference materials as it pertains to the transformation of the measurand. In this section it states, *"Although the determination of the property value itself can be made traceable to appropriate units through, for example, calibration of the measurement equipment used, steps like the transformation of the sample from one physical (chemical) state to another cannot. Such transformations may only be compared with a reference (when available), or among themselves. For some transformations, reference methods have been defined and may be used in certification projects to evaluate the uncertainty associated with such a transformation. In other cases, only a comparison among different laboratories using the same procedure is possible. In this case, it is impossible to demonstrate absence of method bias; therefore, the result is an operationally defined measurand (ISO Guide 35:2017, 9.2.4c)." Certification takes place on the basis of agreement among operationally defined, independent measurement results.*

COMMUTABILITY

The measurements of the results that underlie the certified values contained in this report were undertaken by methods involving pre-treatment (digestion/fusion) of the sample. This served to reduce the sample to a simple and well understood form permitting calibration using simple solutions of the CRM. Due to these methods being well understood and highly effective, commutability is not an issue for this CRM. Being matrix-matched, OREAS 135b will display similar behaviour in the relevant measurement process to the routine field samples for which OREAS 135b is designated to monitor. To maintain commutability, care should be taken to always ensure 'matrix matching' as close as practically achievable. The matrix and mineralisation style of the CRM is described in the 'Source Material' section and users should select appropriate CRMs matching these attributes to their metallurgical plant samples.

INTENDED USE

OREAS 135b is intended to cover all activities needed to produce a measurement result. This includes extraction, possible separation steps and the actual measurement process (the signal producing step). OREAS 135b may be used to calibrate the entire procedure by producing a pure substance CRM transformed into a calibration solution.



OREAS 135b is intended for the following uses:

- For the monitoring of laboratory performance in the analysis of analytes reported in Table 1 in sulphide concentrate samples;
- For the verification of analytical methods for analytes reported in Table 1;
- For the calibration of instruments used in the determination of the concentration of analytes reported in Table 1.

PERIOD OF VALIDITY & STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

The certification of OREAS 135b remains valid, within the specified measurement uncertainties, until January 2037, provided the CRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given below. This certification is nullified if the CRM is any way changed or contaminated.

Store in a clean and cool dry place away from direct sunlight.

Long-term stability will be monitored at appropriate intervals and purchasers notified if any changes are observed. The period of validity may well be indefinite and will be reassessed prior to expiry with the aim of extending the validity if possible.

Single-use sachets

OREAS 135b is sulphide rich (3.1 wt.% S) and is packaged in single-use sachets sealed under nitrogen. Following analysis, it is the manufacturer's expectation that any remaining material is discarded. It is the user's responsibility to prevent contamination and avoid prolonged exposure of the sample to the atmosphere prior to analysis.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HANDLING & CORRECT USE

Pre-homogenisation of the CRM prior to subsampling and analysis is not necessary as there is no particle segregation under transport [12].

Fine powders pose a risk to eyes and lungs and therefore standard precautions including the use of safety glasses and dust masks are advised. Sulphur is a known transitory upper respiratory irritant. Close exposure may cause coughing or throat irritation.

As per routine analysis at commercial laboratories, the certified values derived by oxidising fusion with XRF finish are on a dry sample basis.

Analytes by all other methods refer to the concentration levels in the packaged state. There is no need for drying prior to weighing and analysis for these methods.

Minimum sample size

As a practical guide, the minimum mass of sample used should match the typical mass that the laboratories used in the interlaboratory (round robin) certification program. This means that different sample masses should be used depending on the operationally defined methodology.

- Oxidising fusion with X-ray fluorescence finish: ≥0.2g;
- Loss on Ignition (LOI) at 1000°C: ≥1g.;



- Total C and S by IR induction furnace: ≥0.1g;
- Peroxide or borate fusion with ICP-OES and/or MS finish: ≥0.1g;
- 4-acid digestion with ICP-OES and/or MS finish: ≥0.25g;
- Aqua regia digestion with ICP-OES and/or MS finish: ≥0.5g.

QC monitoring using multiples of the Standard Deviation (SD)

In the application of SD's in monitoring performance it is important to note that not all laboratories function at the same level of proficiency and that different methods in use at a particular laboratory have differing levels of precision. Each laboratory has its own inherent SD (for a specific concentration level and analyte-method pair) based on the analytical process and this SD is not directly related to the round robin program.

The majority of data generated in the round robin program was produced by a selection of world class laboratories. The SD's thus generated are more constrained than those that would be produced across a randomly selected group of laboratories. To produce more generally achievable SD's the 'pooled' SD's provided in this report include inter-laboratory bias. This 'one size fits all' approach may require revision at the discretion of the QC manager concerned following careful scrutiny of QC control charts.

The performance gates shown in Table 1 are intended only to be used as a first principle guide as to what a laboratory may be able to achieve. Over a period of time monitoring your own laboratory's data for this CRM, SD's should be calculated directly from your own laboratory's process. This will enable you to establish more specific performance gates that are fit for purpose for your application as well as the ability to monitor bias. If your long-term trend analysis shows an average value that is within the 95% expanded uncertainty interval then generally there is no cause for concern in regard to bias.

For use with the aqua regia digestion method

It is important to note that in the analytical industry there is no standardisation of the aqua regia digestion process. Aqua regia is a partial empirical digest and differences in recoveries for various analytes are commonplace. These are caused by variations in the digest conditions which can include the ratio of nitric to hydrochloric acids, acid strength, temperatures, leach times and secondary digestions. Recoveries for sulphide-hosted base metal sulphides approach total values, however other analytes, in particular the lithophile elements, show greater sensitivity to method parameters. This can result in lack of consensus in an inter-laboratory certification program for these elements.

The approach applied here is to report certified values in those instances where reasonable agreement exists amongst a majority of participating laboratories. The results from specific laboratories may differ significantly from the certified values, but will, nonetheless, be valid and reproducible in the context of the specifics of the aqua regia method in use. Users of this reference material should, therefore, be mindful of this limitation when applying the certified values in a quality control program.

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Revision No.	Date	Changes applied
0	30 th March, 2022	First publication.



QMS CERTIFICATION

ORE Pty Ltd is ISO 9001:2015 certified by Lloyd's Register Quality Assurance Ltd for its quality management system including development, manufacturing, certification and supply of CRMs.



CERTIFYING OFFICER



30th March, 2022

Craig Hamlyn (B.Sc. Hons - Geology), Technical Manager - ORE P/L

LEGAL NOTICE

Ore Research & Exploration Pty Ltd has prepared and statistically evaluated the property values of this reference material to the best of its ability. The Purchaser by receipt hereof releases and indemnifies Ore Research & Exploration Pty Ltd from and against all liability and costs arising from the use of this material and information.

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